



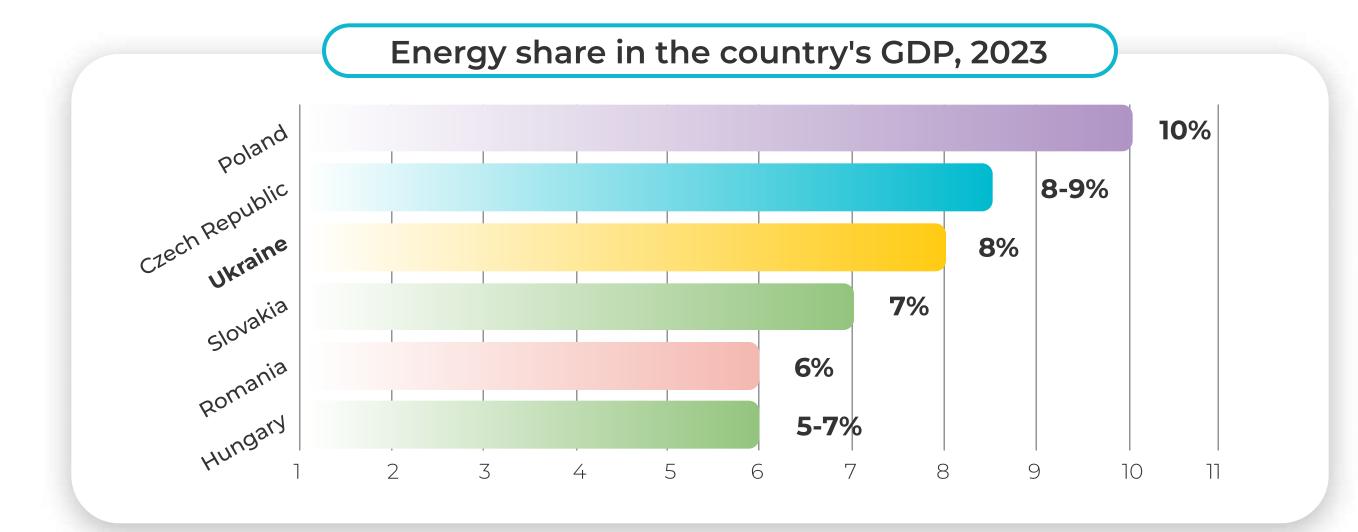
#### **Energy sector macroeconomics**



7.6%

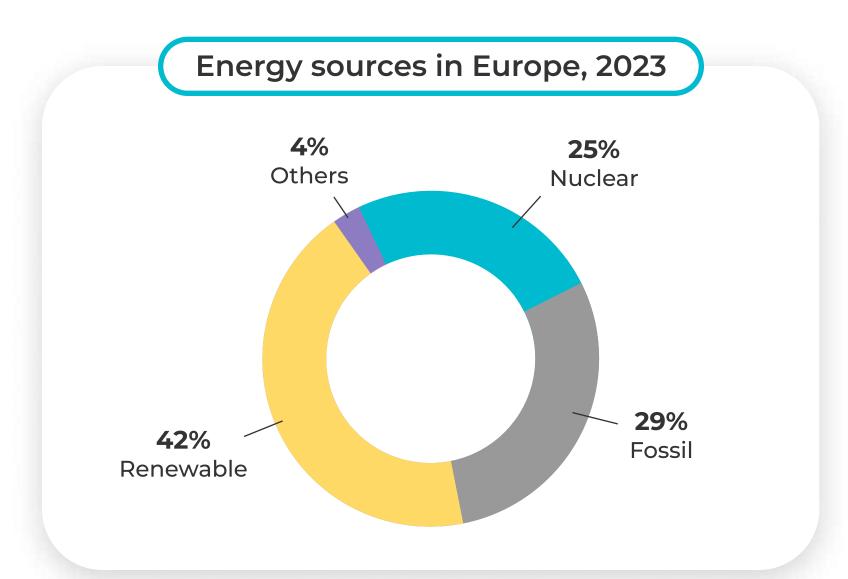
of Ukraine's budget was provided by the energy sector in 2023

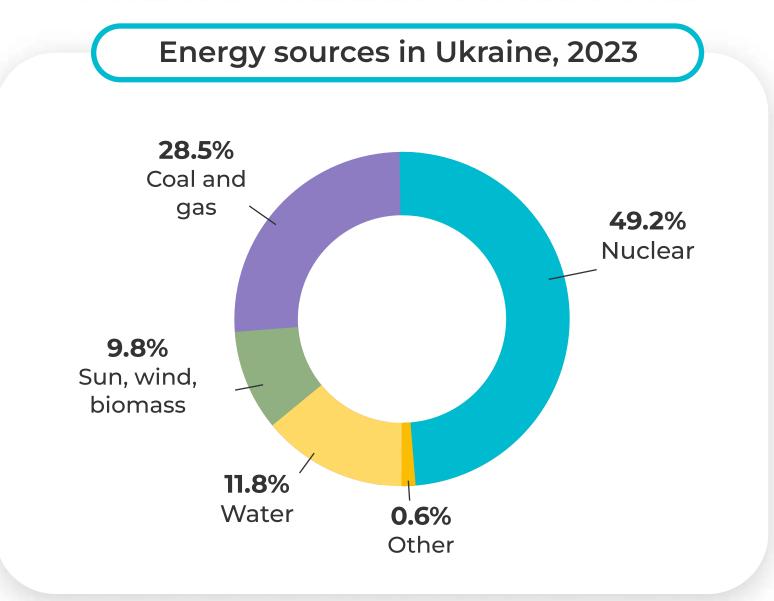






Approximately **450 000** individuals are employed in the Ukrainian energy sector, accounting for **1,2% of the population** 



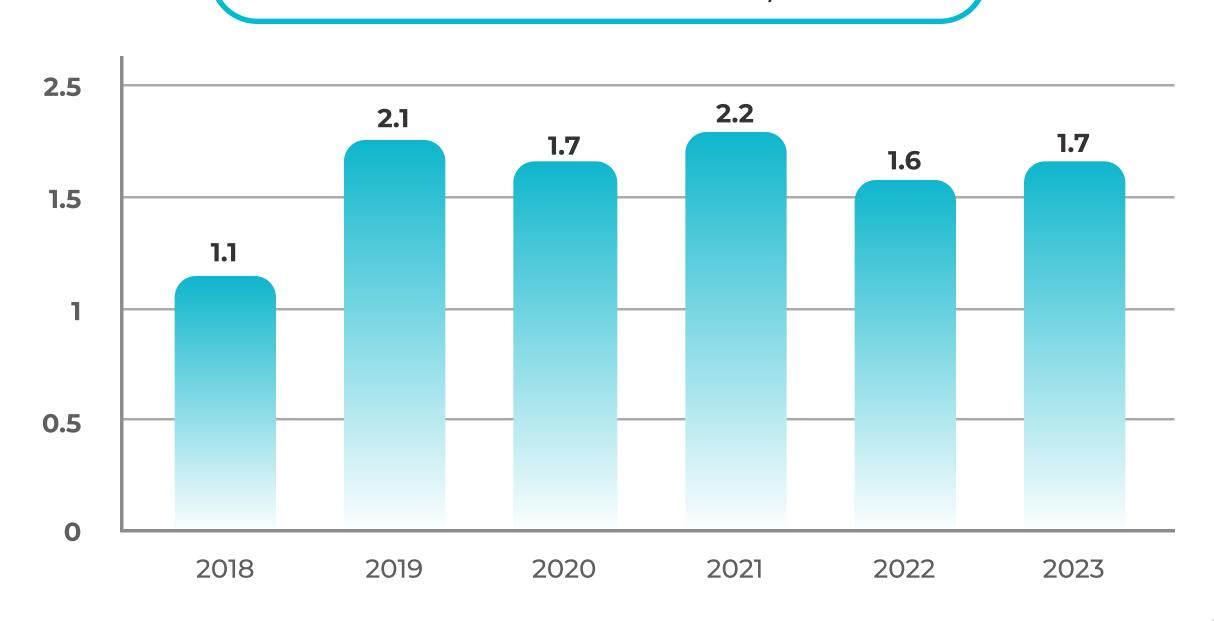


07



FDI snapshot

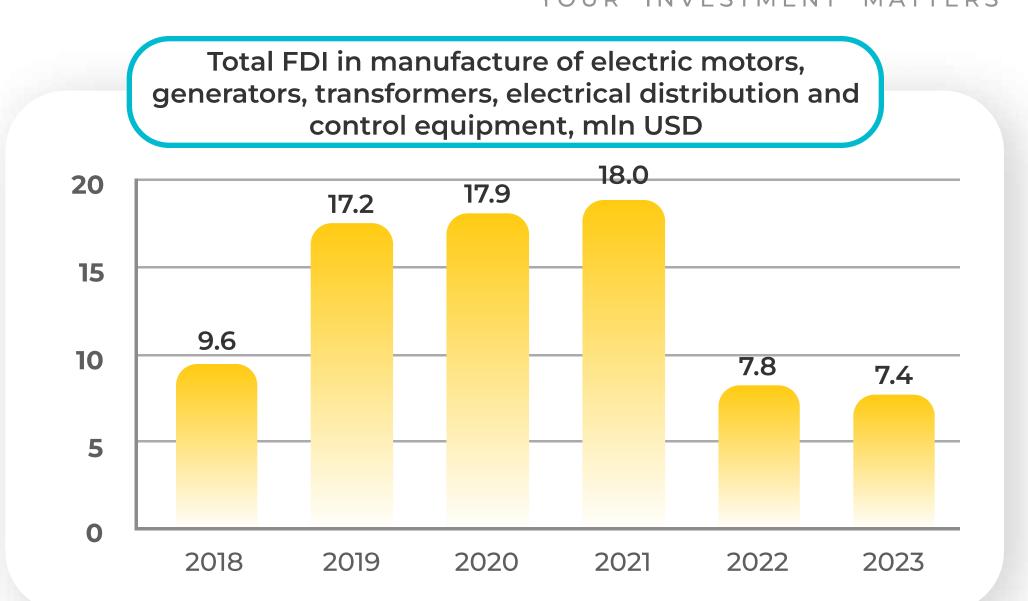
Total FDI in electricity generation, transmission and distribution, bln USD



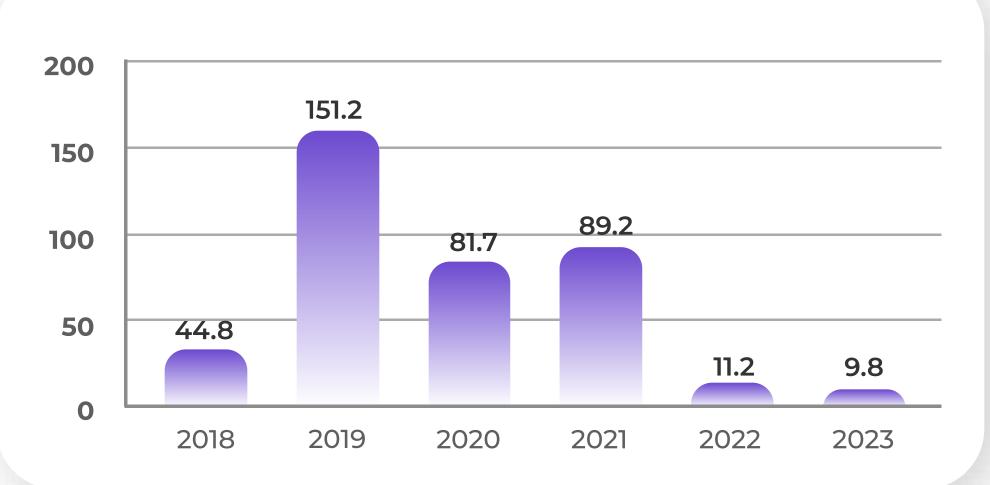


~7%

of FDI in electricity supply in Ukraine in relation to investments in other economic activities







Source: National Bank of Ukraine



#### Losses due to full-scale invasion



Over 50% of the energy infrastructure has been damaged, causing 23 GW of generation losses.\* From March to July 2024, Ukraine lost **9 GW** of generation

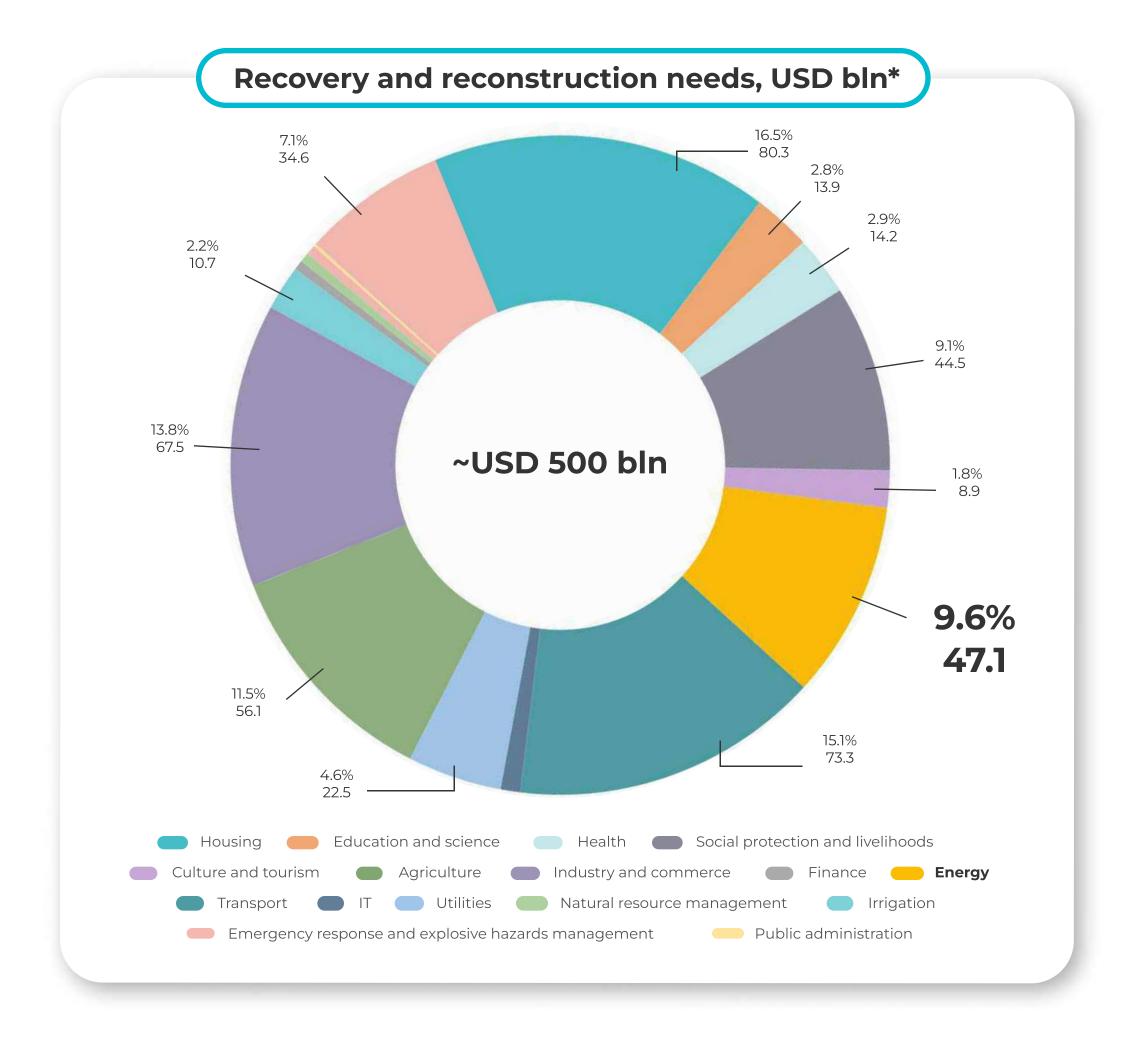


USD 56 bln

Damage to Ukraine's energy infrastructure caused by russian attacks since the beginning of the full-scale invasion as of spring 2024

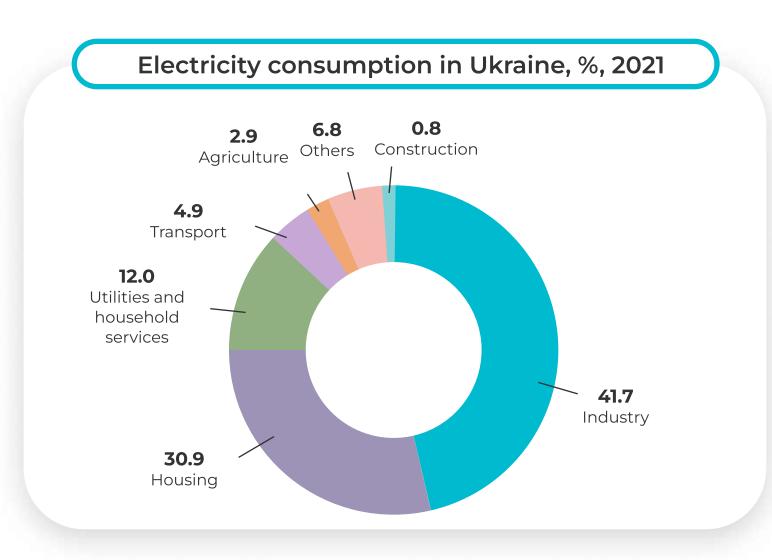
Average electricity deficit forecast in 2024-2025

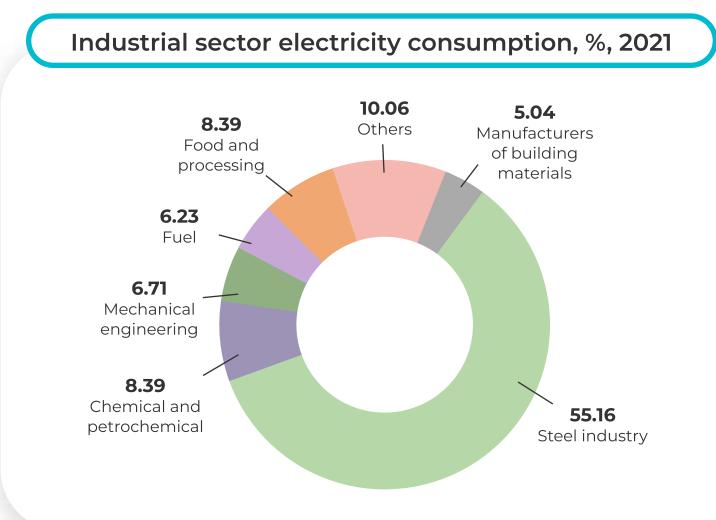
of GDP will be electricity deficit in 2024

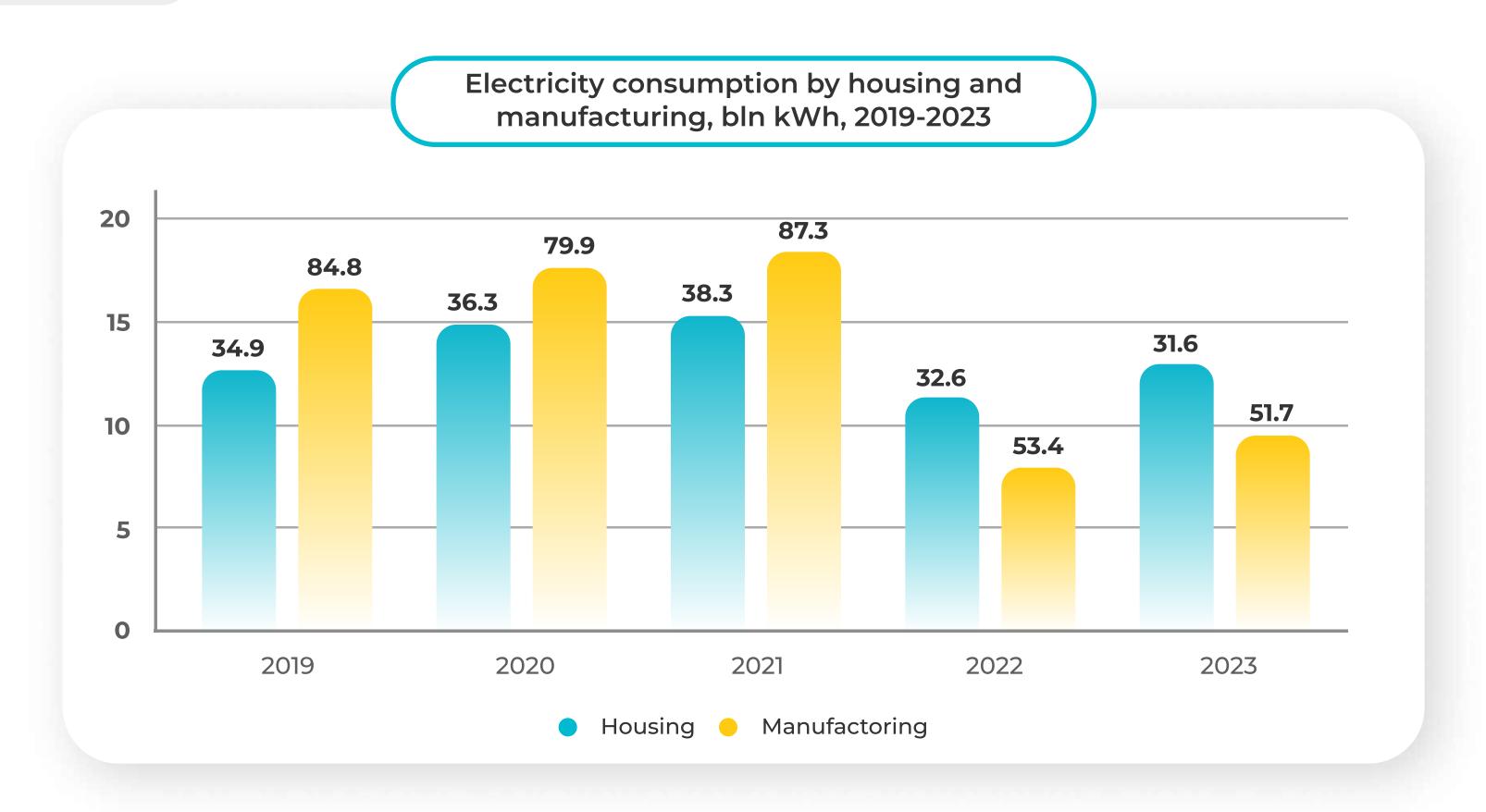




#### Current state of electricity consumption



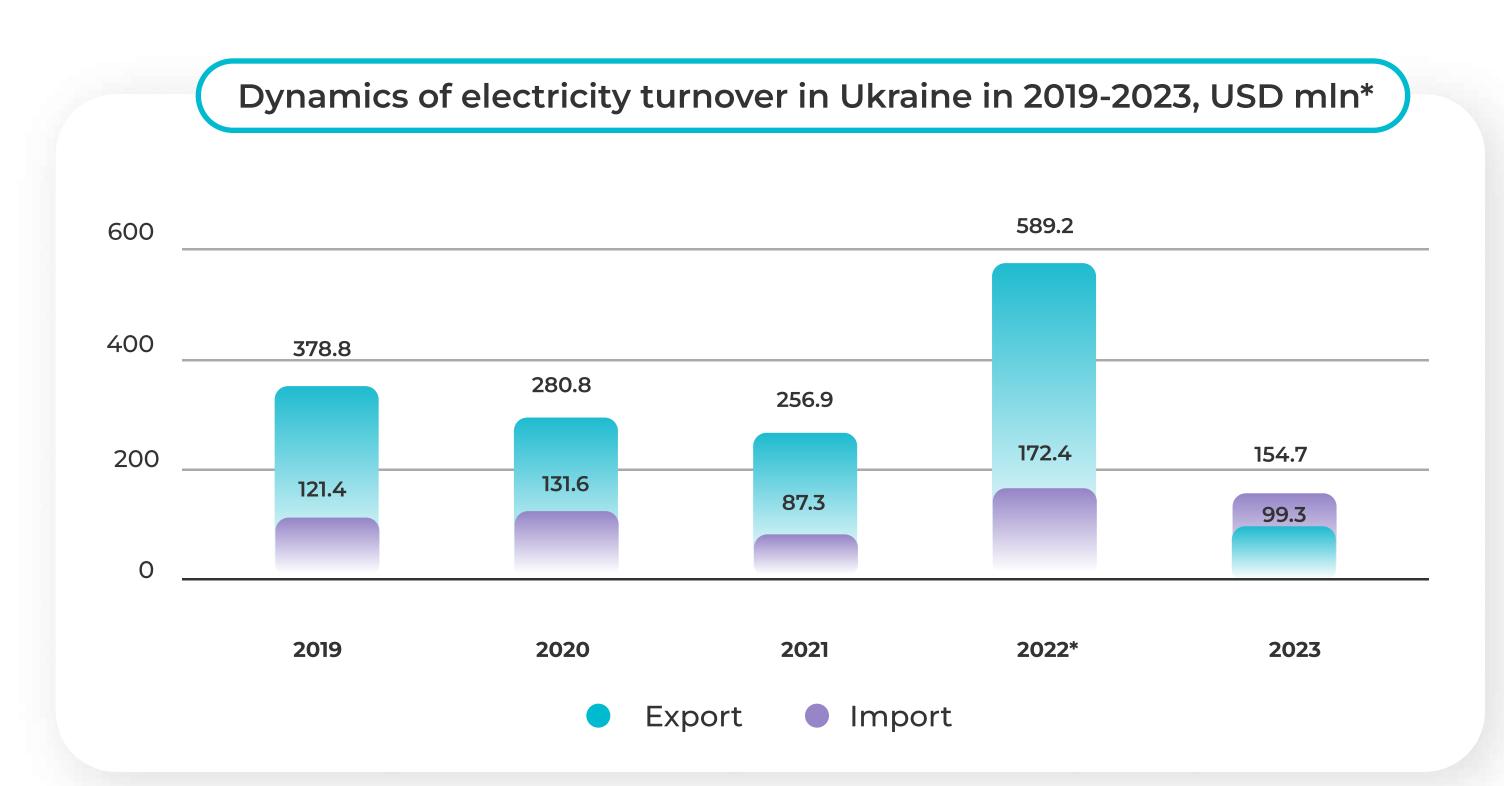




Electricity consumption structure shows that the majority of electricity is used by industry and covers the needs of the residential sector

# Ukraine Investment MATTERS

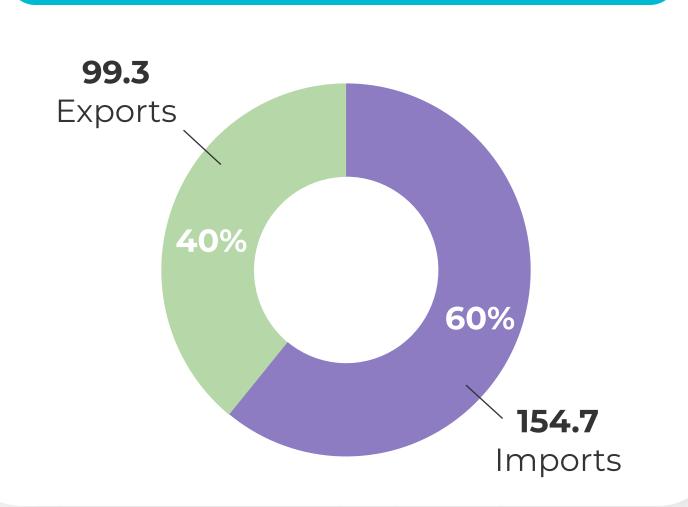
#### **Electricity turnover**



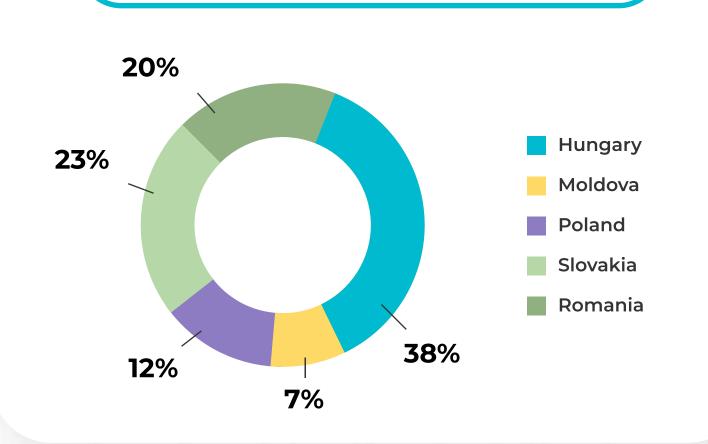
In 2023, electricity imports to Ukraine exceeded exports as a result of insufficient production capacity due to russia's terrorist attacks on energy infrastructure

In **June 2024,** Ukraine imported **6%** more electricity than in the whole of 2023 - **858.4 thousand MWh**, which is also the **largest monthly volume since 2014** 





## Electricity imports to Ukraine, for the first six months of 2024





Gas sector



12 underground gas storage facilities



~31 bln m<sup>3</sup> total storage capacity



**N**º3

in Europe

In the world

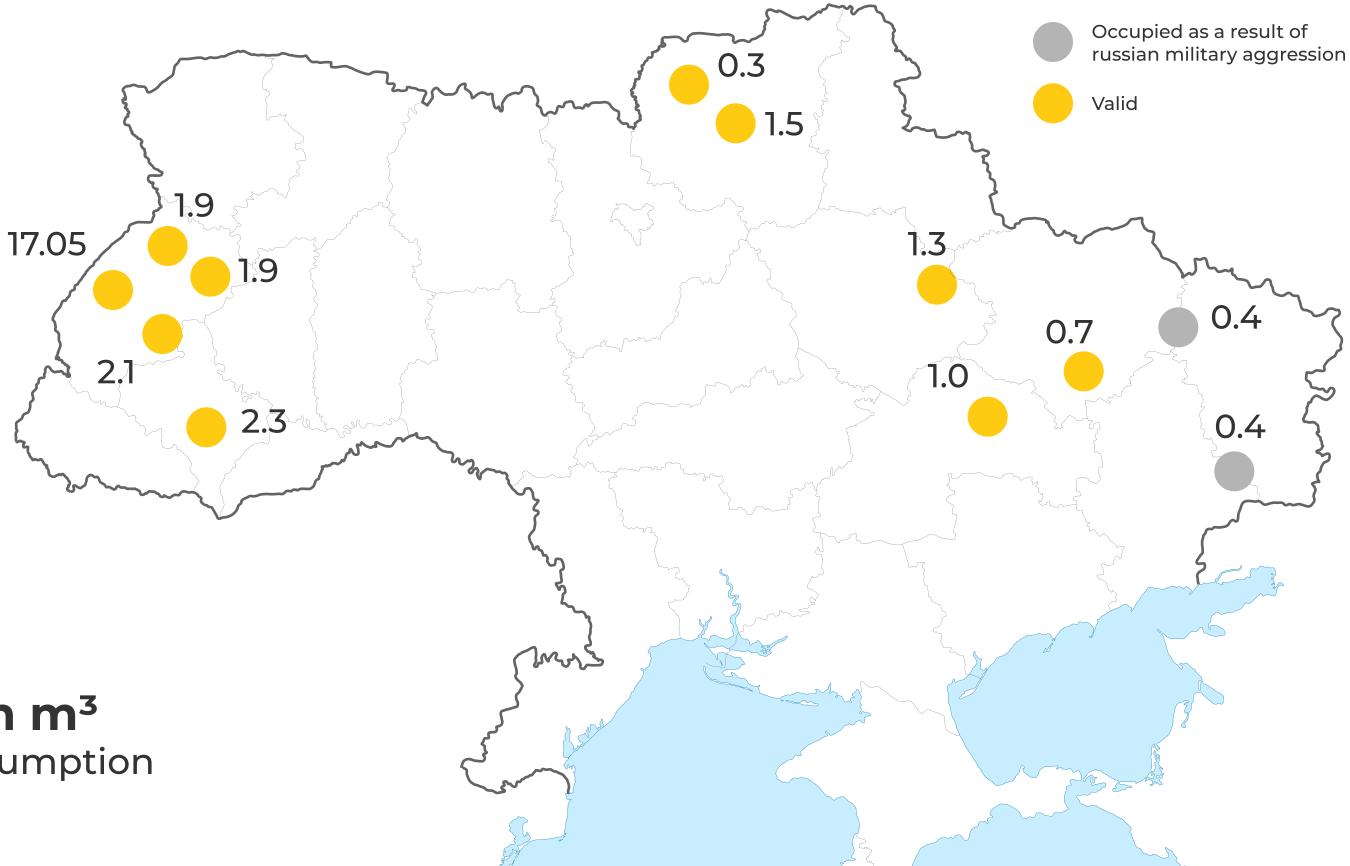
by the capacity of underground gas storage facilities



#### more than 8.1 bln m<sup>3</sup>

of gas available in gas storage facilities in Ukraine as of 2024

Underground gas storage facilities in Ukraine, bln m<sup>3</sup>



In 2023

18.7 bln m<sup>3</sup> gas production

19.6 bln m<sup>3</sup>
gas consumption



#### Solar energy



about

# 13% of industrial SPPs destroyed or damaged since

destroyed or damaged since the beginning of the full-scale invasion



about

### 1400 facilities

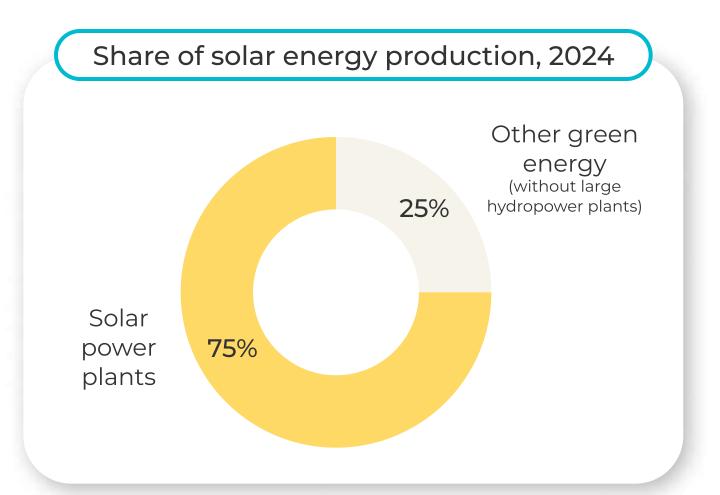
solar power plants



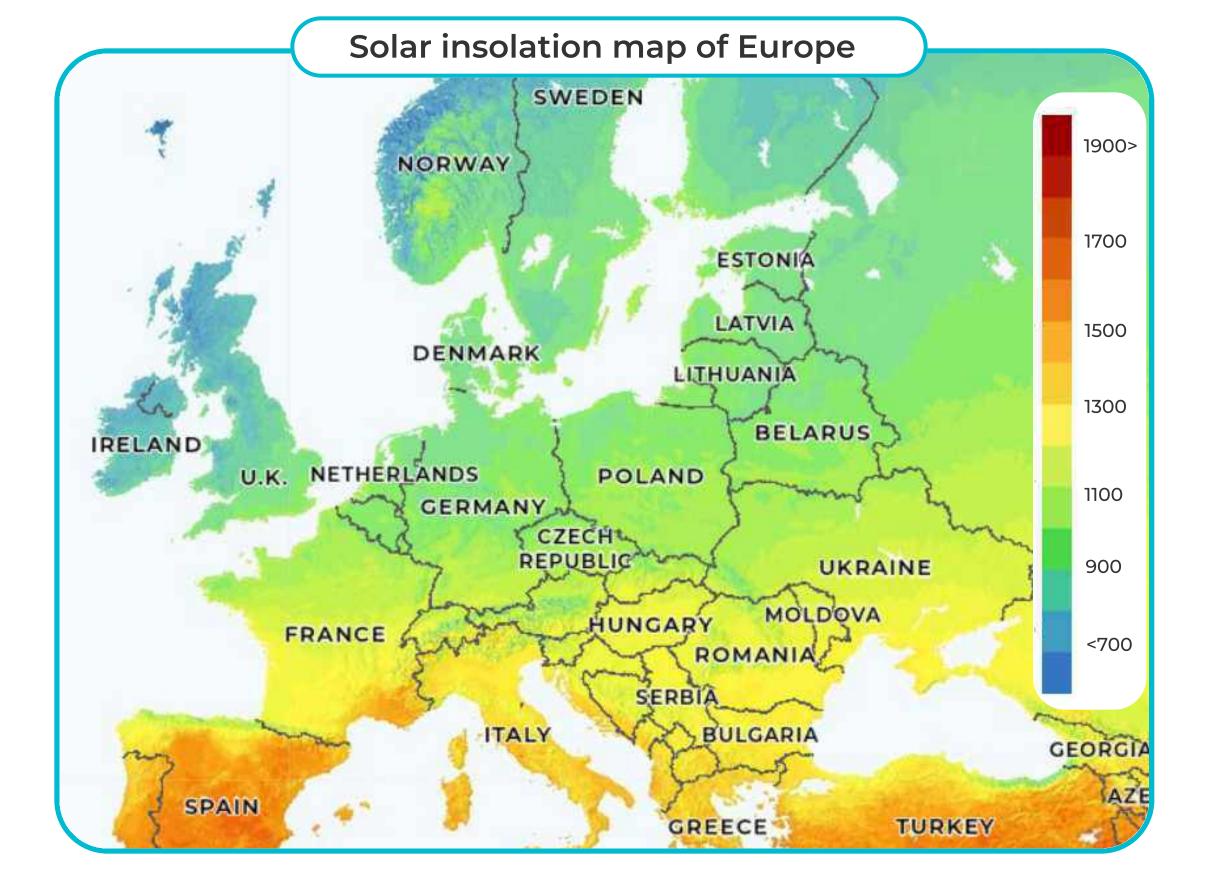
about

#### USD 150 mln

invested by Ukrainian businesses in solar energy in 2023



- The entire territory of Ukraine is suitable for the installation of solar power plants
  - The southern regions of the country are considered optimal for the operation of these facilities



#### Insolation indicators

Ukraine

From 1100 to 1500 kWh/m<sup>2</sup>

Europe

From 600 in the north to 2200 kWh/m² in the south



#### Wind energy

The greatest potential for wind power plant installations is found in the northeastern regions of Ukraine, where the average **wind speed** exceeds **7 m/s** 

#### Before the full-scale in Ukraine were:



34wind power plants(699 wind turbines)



**3.5 MW** average capacity of one turbine



80%
of wind power energy
was occupied or damaged

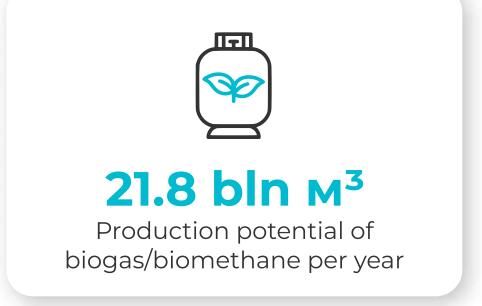
#### Bioenergy

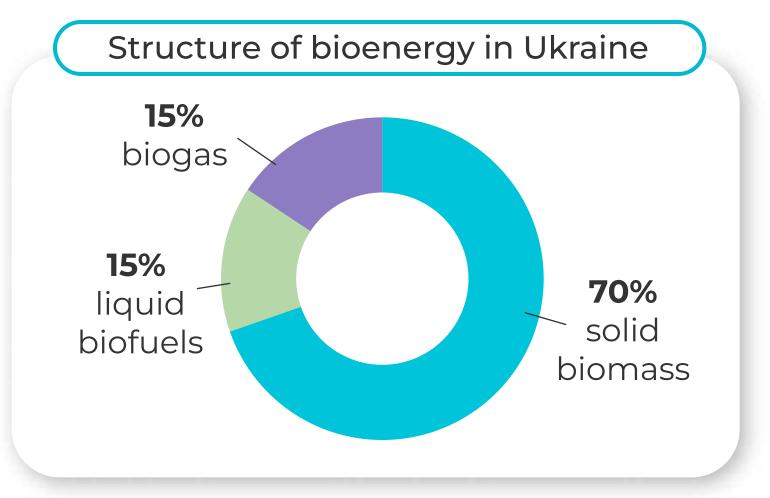


94 mln tons solid waste per year

12 mln tons agricultural waste per year









#### Hydroelectricity



In 2023, the **Kakhovka HPP** was destroyed. **Kaniv HPP** and **Dnipro HPP** stations were damaged. Attacks on hydroelectric power plants resulted in the loss of about **2500 MW** of capacity.



**45%** of hydropower capacity was destroyed as a result of military aggression. The preliminary amount of losses is about **USD 3 bln** 





Investment opportunity: hydropower plant construction potential



The total hydroelectric capacity is located on the **Dnipro** and **Dniester rivers**. However, there is potential for establishing new stations in any region with rivers, such as the Carpathian rivers, which could provide significant energy supply to the western regions.

Source: Ukrhydroenergo, Energymap, The Page



#### Green energy condition



1400

new renewable energy sources

connected to the system in 2023\*



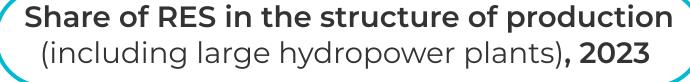
**8,7 GW** of renewable energy capacity at the beginning of 2024\*\*

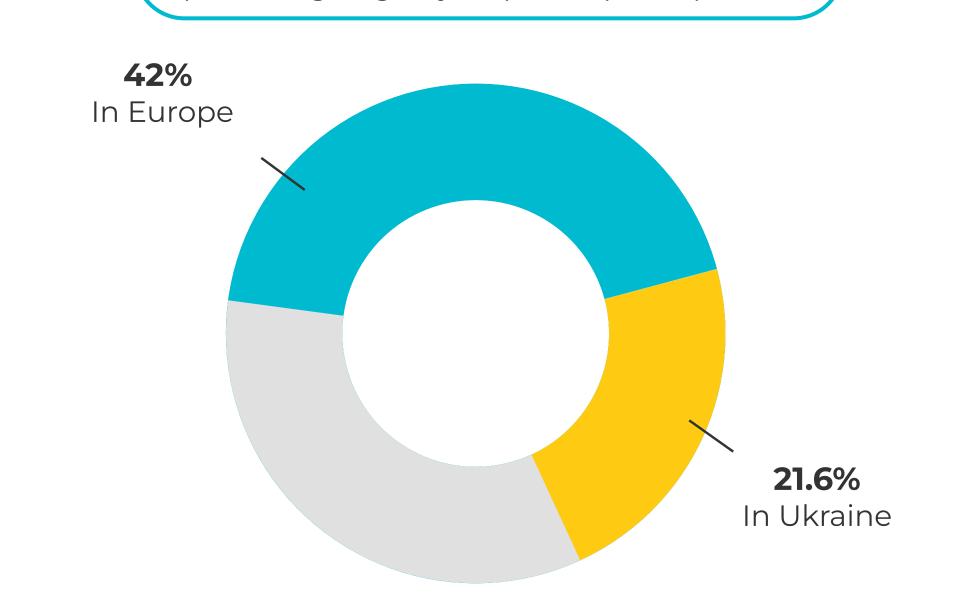






up to **75**% of renewable energy infrastructure objects suffered varying degrees of damage due to the war





### **ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN UKRAINE**

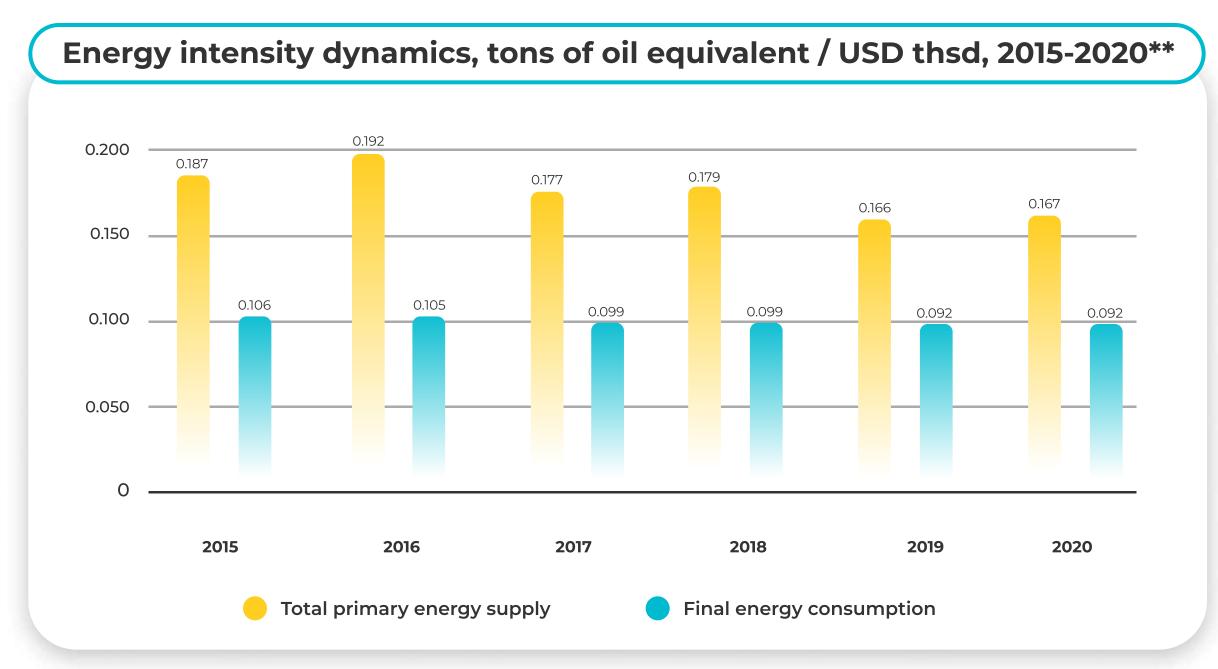
# Ukraine Investment MATTERS

#### The state of energy efficiency development in Ukraine

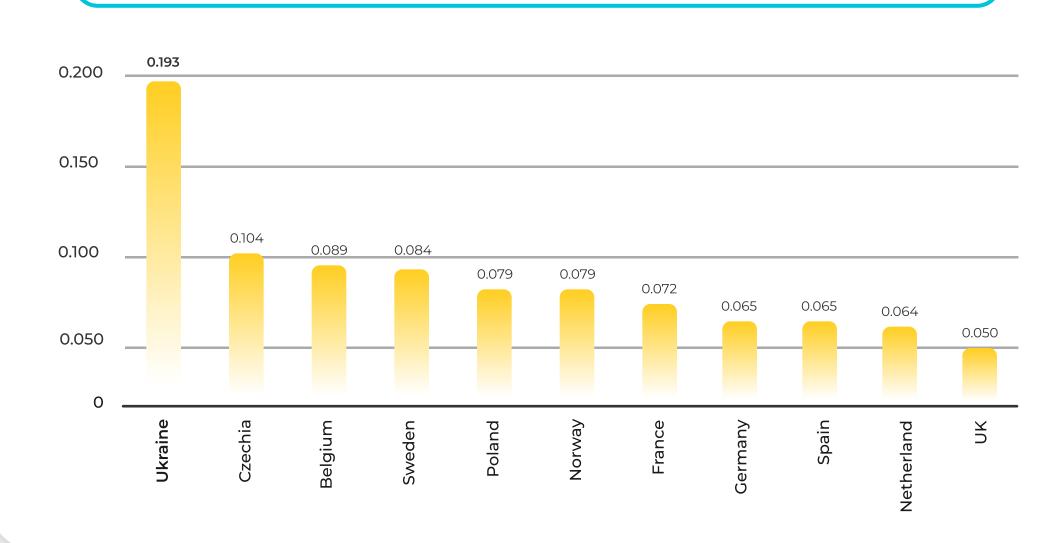
Ukraine's GDP energy intensity is one of the highest in the world:

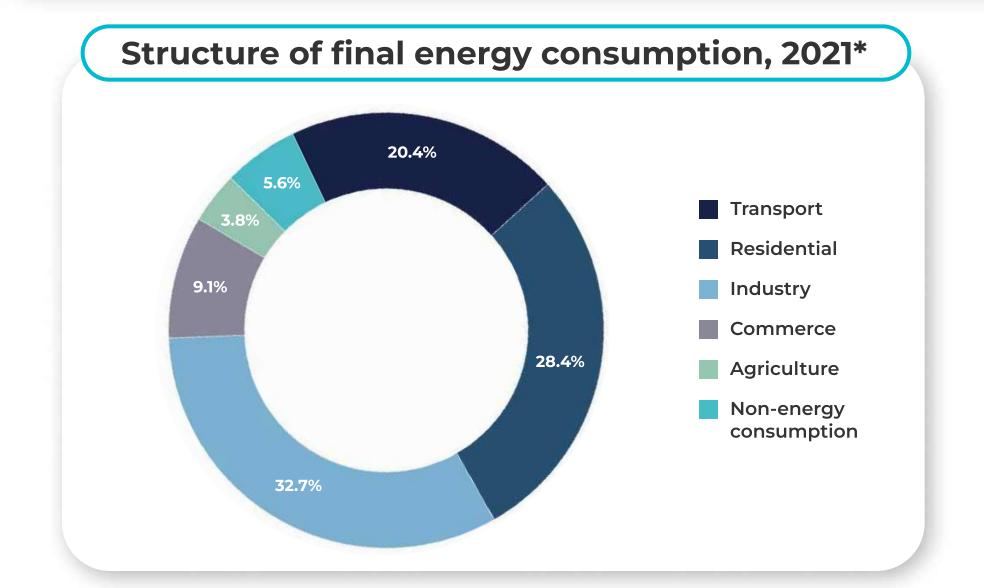
- 2.7 times higher than in Poland
- 3.3 times higher than in Germany

Due to the low energy efficiency of the economy, Ukraine's direct annual losses reach **USD 1+ bln** annually



#### Total energy consumption per unit of GDP, 2022\*





### **ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL**

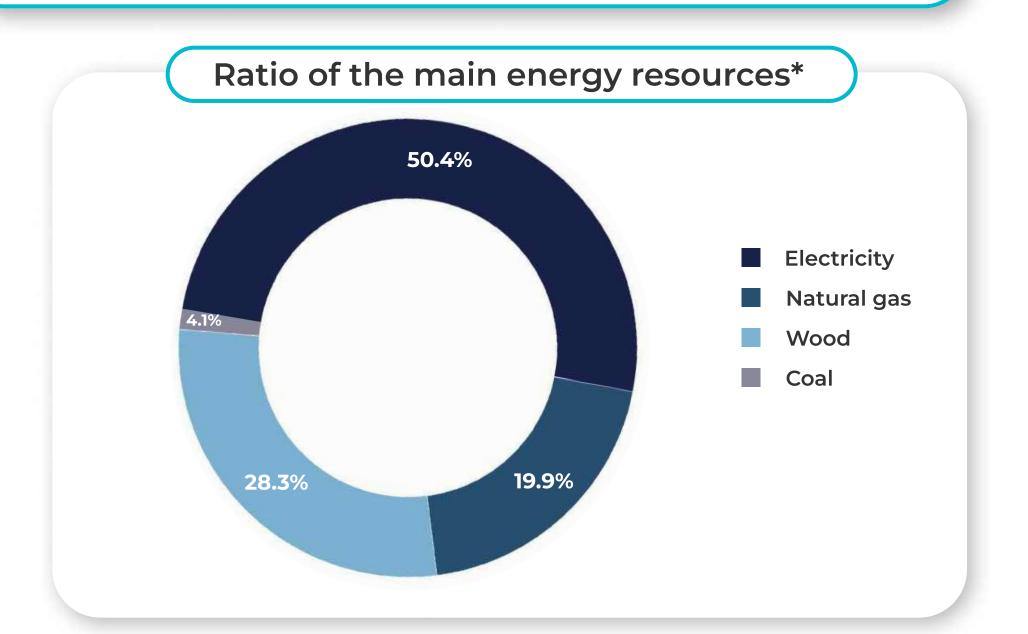


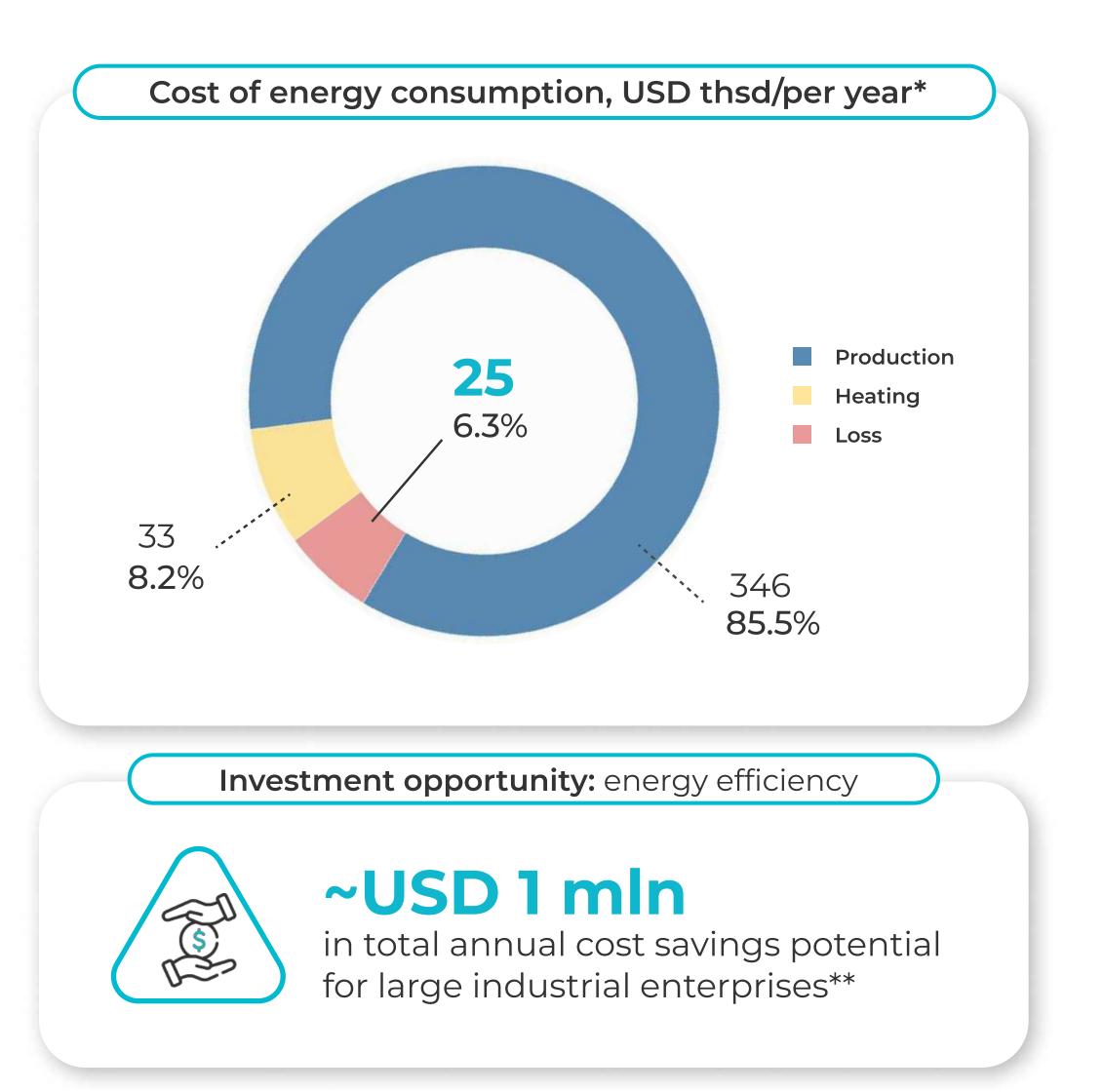
#### Machine-building sector



61 %

of energy savings can be achieved by implementing EEM with a simple payback period of less than 2 years\*





<sup>\* -</sup> The calculation of cost savings potential in the study is typical and can be applied to most large industrial enterprises Source: GIZ Ukraine, analytical report on machine building, 2020

### **ENERGY EFFICIENCY POTENTIAL**

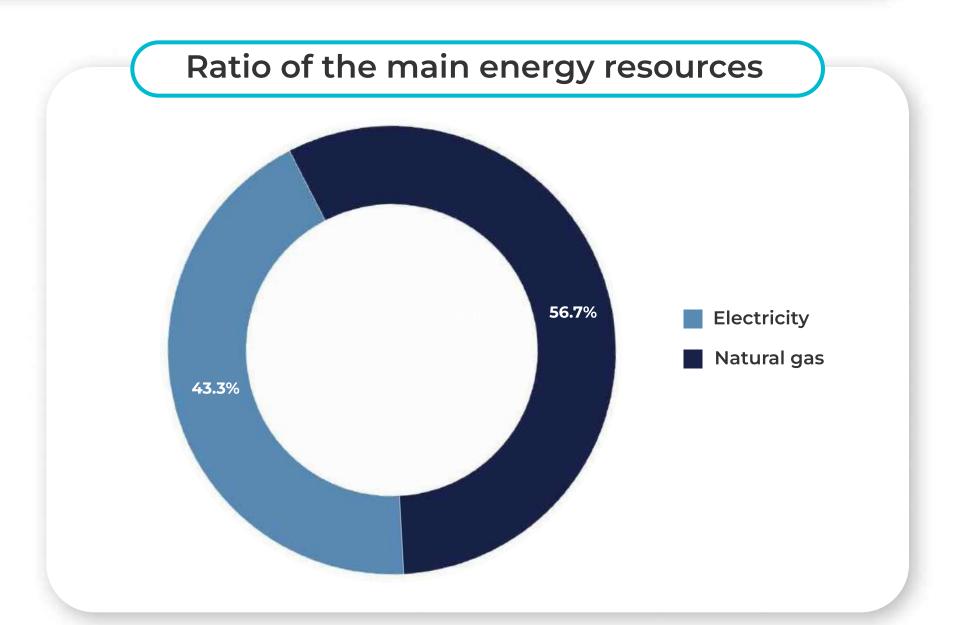


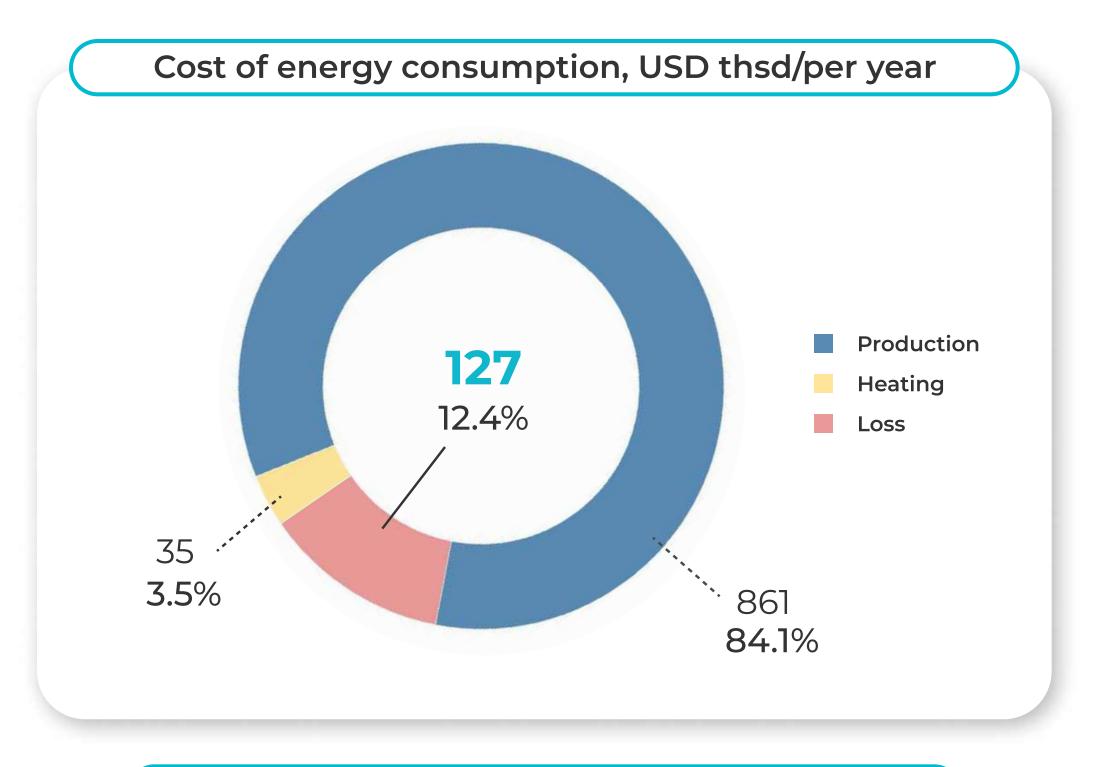
#### Construction materials industry



82 %

of energy savings can be achieved by implementing EEM with a simple payback period of less than 2 years\*





Investment opportunity: energy efficiency



### USD 11 mln

in total annual cost savings potential for large and medium-sized enterprises in the construction materials sector\*

<sup>\* -</sup> The calculation of cost savings potential in the study is typical and can be applied to most large industrial enterprises Source: GIZ Ukraine, analytical report on non-metallic building materials, 2020

### **INVESTMENT CLIMATE**

# Ukraine Invest

#### **Energy companies and state institutions**



The main electricity transmission networks and large power plants, specifically hydroelectric and nuclear power stations, are state-owned



However, a significant part of thermal power plants, as well as energy facilities utilizing renewable sources such as wind and solar power stations, are privately owned

#### Major electricity suppliers in Ukraine







**Ukrhydroenergo** hydroelectric power plants



The National Energy Company "Ukrenergo" is the key management body in the energy sector. It is a private joint-stock company with 100% of its shares owned by the state, subordinated to the Ministry of Energy of Ukraine, and is responsible for the transmission of electricity to distribution companies

#### State institutions in the energy sector



Ministry of Energy of Ukraine general energy issues, strategic planning



The State Service of Geology and Subsoil of Ukraine issues related to the extraction of minerals, oil and gas



National Energy and Utilities Regulatory Commission (NEURC)

energy market regulation, tariff regulation, licensing



State Energy Saving Inspectorate of Ukraine energy efficiency and energy saving issues



Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources of Ukraine environmental aspects of renewable energy sources, including solar and wind energy

### **INVESTMENT CLIMATE**

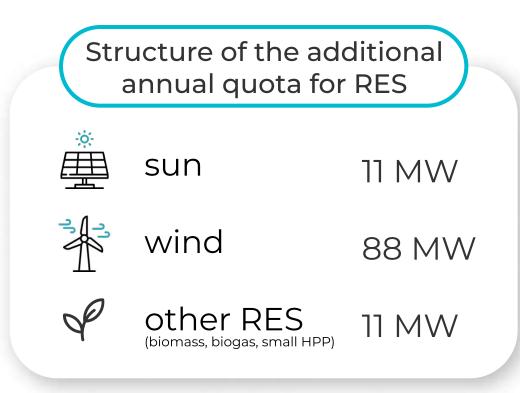


#### Green energy development prospects

Ukraine actively promotes the development of green energy through legislative initiatives. **The National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP)** emphasizes the necessity of producing clean energy and reducing coal usage

Ukraine plans to **reduce** greenhouse gas **emissions** to **65**% of the 1990 level and achieve a **27**% share of **renewable energy sources**, replacing electricity generated from coal with renewable energy as one of the decarbonisation measures

A decision to hold pilot auctions for the allocation of support quotas in 2024, including auctions for the support of renewable energy, has been adopted by the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine. Support for auction winners will take the form of a market premium.





- Officially implemented in 2009
- The rate in 2024 is **EUR 0.117** per **1 kWh**
- Subject to a standard tax of **19.5%** (18% PIT and 1.5% military tax)
- Encourages private owners to install their own electricity generation capacities, allowing them to sell the produced electricity to the state



Private companies have the opportunity to actively implement alternative energy sources such as solar panels, wind turbines, and small hydroelectric plants, thereby promoting the sustainable development of the energy sector in Ukraine

<sup>\* -</sup> at the rate of EUR 1 - UAH 46.16, average rate; the tariff differs depending on a number of criteria, such as the type of generation and the category of consumers, etc.

## **INVESTMENT CLIMATE**



#### ESCO program

The Energy Service Company (ESCO) program is a business model where a company provides energy services to improve energy efficiency at a client's facility. The savings from reduced energy consumption are used to cover the investment costs and generate profit. After the agreed contract term expires, all economic benefits are transferred to the client.



604 ESCO contracts

successfully implemented



**USD 1.68 bln** 

total amount



USD 8.5 bln

potential of the ESCO contracts



Investment opportunity: energy efficiency



70 thsd state institutions

require thermal modernisation



#### Natural resources



700+ bln m<sup>3</sup>

gas reserves



80+ mln ton

oil reserves



20 000+

mineral deposits



100+

types of minerals (including lithium, zirconium, cobalt, titanium, beryllium, niobium and others)

### Ukrnafta projects

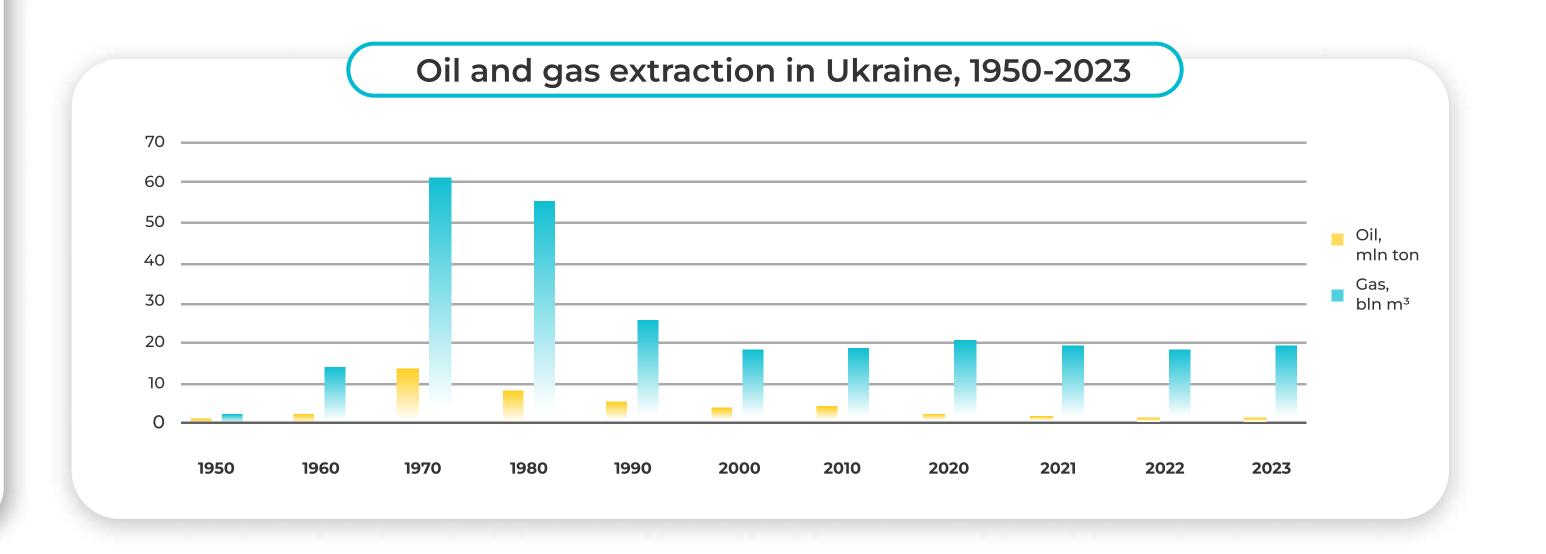


20+ fields

joint development under the PSA

The reserves of the fields is:

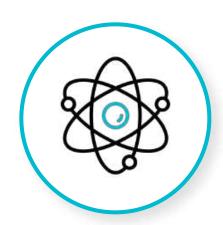
- 12 mln tons of oil
- 31 bln m³ of gas





#### Nuclear energy

Sources:: Forbes, Interfax Ukraine, BBC Ukraine



49.2%

the share of nuclear energy in the energy sector of Ukraine in 2023



13835 MBT

total capacity of 15 operating NPP units



Ukraine's nuclear energy sector ensures stable operation with a long service life. Most of nuclear reactors were commissioned in the 1980s, with their operational lifespan extending beyond the 2040s

- Nuclear power generates electricity without emitting carbon into the atmosphere during operation, and aligning with Ukraine's energy strategy goal of achieving carbon neutrality in the energy sector
- As of 2023, Energoatom envisages creating its own nuclear fuel production line in Ukraine

Investment opportunity: small modular nuclear reactors



USD 1.2 bln

investment required for one 200 MW nuclear reactor module

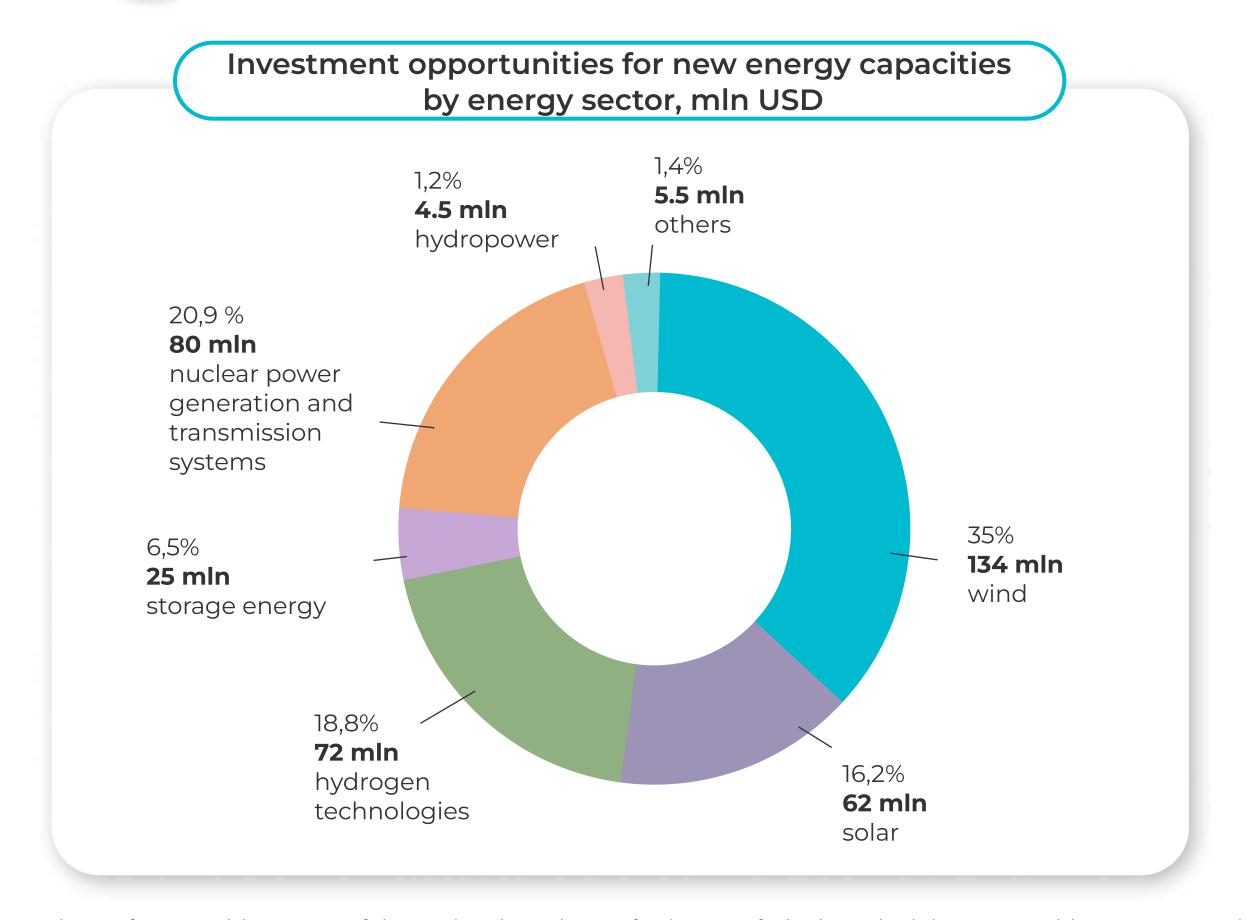
Ukraine has potential for the development of small modular nuclear reactors and the introduction of these technologies to build its own production. The capacity of modular nuclear reactors ranges from 50 to 500 MW\*



#### Green energy



6 mln tonnes (about USD 73 mln) of conventional fuel can be saved per year in Ukraine through the use of clean energy\*



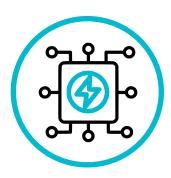
- **874 GW**RES potential in Ukraine
- Just 383 bln investment opportunities for new energy capacities according to the Energy Strategy until 2050

About

OSD 12 bln of investments have been attracted in renewable energy over the past 10 years in Ukraine



#### Distributed power generation



The development of a **distributed power generation** — is a government priority for 2024-2025, which involves a system of small local energy facilities that transfer surplus energy to the general grid

#### **Expected**



# Self-sufficiency with energy

consumers have the opportunity to power their homes and businesses by independently distributing energy according to their needs, and transferring the surplus to the integrated energy system



# Combining different energy generation facilities

such as solar panels, wind turbines, gas plants, cogeneration at thermal power plants and boiler houses, batteries, small hydro plants



# Energy security and sustainability

the use of small power generation facilities is an opportunity to gain resilience against hostile attacks, accidents and imbalances in the energy system

#### **Investment incentives**



### exemption from import duties and VAT

energy equipment for citizens and businesses



#### loans for business

SMEs: up to **UAH 150 mln** for 10 years at **5-9**%

Large business: up to 7 years at 14-16% for alternative generation



# compensation for Home Owners Association from the state under the "Grindim" program

**UAH 1 mln** for solar panels

**UAH 2 mln** for heat pumps

up to **UAH 5 mln** loans



to the electricity and gas

distribution networks,

reduced timeframes.

no need to go through

land allocation

procedures and

environmental impact

assessment

### simplification of concessional lending for the purchase of power

for the purchase of power equipment
Small business: at 5% deposit rate

population: at 0% deposit rate (up to UAH 480 thsd for 10 years without collateral, up to 10 kW of capacity)

#### **Advantages**

- Rapid construction of power facilities
- Reduction of losses in electricity transmission
- Reducing dependence on imports

- Increased investment in communities
- Development of regional innovations
- New workplaces

Source: Government portal



#### **Energy and gas storage**



### $2.5 \, \text{bln M}^3$

of gas was accumulated by foreign companies in Ukrainian underground storage facilities



Customs Warehouse service – Underground gas storage operator service, which allows customers to store natural gas in underground gas storage facilities in Ukraine in a customs-free regime for 1095 days without paying taxes and customs duties

## up to 10 bln M<sup>3</sup>

Ukrainian storage facilities ready to be offered to foreign companies

over

## 1000 companies

from 29 countries use Ukrainian underground gas storage facilities as customs warehouses



Short-haul – service of the gas transmission system operator that allows to receive a discount on transportation between certain interstate entry and exit points for transit transportation

The Ukrainian TSO has the capacity to receive:

- Incoming 304 bln m³ per year
- output **146 bln m³** per year



### 800 MW

Capacity requirements for energy storage facilities (ESF)



worth

1.2 USD bln

New special auctions for ancillary services for the procurement of ESF

- for a long period of up to 5 years
- a market participant may receive a deferral of up to 3 years to build capacities
- The cost of ancillary services, determined by the results of the auction, is protected from fluctuations in the UAH currency by conversion into EUR

Sources: Government portal, NECP, Ukrenergo, Ukrtransgaz, NEURC



Recovery of losses in the energy sector



**8500 MW** of generating capacities were lost in the electricity sector as a result of military actions in Ukraine as of spring 2024\*

#### Restoration of capacities through alternative energy



43
solar plants
if 1 solar plant 200 MW



425
wind plants

If 1 wind plant 20 MW



1700 biomass plants if 1 biomass plant -5 MW



8500 biogas plants if 1 biogas plant -1 MW

#### or in combination (and related investment needs)



30 solar plants 6000 MW

EUR 5.5 bln



90 wind plants 1800 MW

EUR 3 bln



100biomass plants500 MW



200biogas plants200 MW

EUR 400 mln

EUR 2 bln

### **INVESTMENT INCENTIVES**



YOUR INVESTMENT MATTERS

#### Significant investments

### REQUIREMENTS FOR INVESTMENT PROJECT



EUR 12+ mln

of investment





10+

of new jobs



#### up to 5 years

of project implementation



#### construction, modernization,

technical and/or technological reequipment of objects

#### **FORMS OF SUPPORT**



CIT exemption\* (for 5 years by choice)



Lease of **state or** communal land plots without land auctions



**Exemption from VAT** for importing new equipment and components to it \*\*



Compensation for costs of connection to engineering and

transport networks



Exemption from **import** duties for new equipment and components to it \*\*



Land tax exemption/ reduced land tax rates



Construction/compensation for built **engineering and** transport infrastructure (highways, communication lines, utilities, etc.).



Exemption from compensation for losses of forestry production

#### **AMOUNT OF SUPPORT**

up to 30% CAPEX\*\*\*

- \* Not applicable to projects in the field of extraction for the purpose of further processing and/or enrichment of natural resources.
- \*\* List and volume of equipment is approved by the CMU for each project.
- \*\*\* The applicant, not earlier than 18 months before the date of submission of the application to the authorized body, may make investments in investment facilities in the amount not exceeding 30% of the total amount of significant investments required for the implementation of an investment project with significant investments



For more detailed information, we recommend to draw attention to the following regulations

**ENERGY SECTOR STATE SUPPORT IS LIMITED TO THE** PRODUCTION OF BIOGAS AND BIOMETHANE

### **INVESTMENT INSURANCE**







A formalized agreement on the implementation of the investment insurance mechanism for foreign investments: 2022

Annual rate: 2-3%

Insurance period: 10 years

Coverage of the amount of losses: up to 90% Sure Trust Fund: USD 110 mln, goal - USD 330 mln







Law No. 9015 "On Amendments to the Law of Ukraine "On financial mechanisms for stimulating export activity" regarding insurance of investments in Ukraine against military risks": 2023

Annual rate: **0.49% - 8.05%** 

Insurance amount: **UAH 200 mln** 

Insured for 5 months in 2024: UAH 2.93 bln

Property insurance against war risks: 2024 Implemented cases: Grain elevators



Ship insurance in the Black Sea: 2023

Containers with grain, iron ore, and steel, electrical equipment, fodder

Annual rate: 0.75%

Coverage amount: USD 50 mln



Memorandum on coverage of American, international and Ukrainian investments in Ukraine: 2023 Coverage of the amount of losses: up to 85%

Insurance for SMEs: USD 50 mln

Insurance of the agricultural sector, manufacture: USD 300 mln



22 export-import agencies: Germany, WB, USA, Japan, Canada, Italy, Poland, Norway, Slovakia, France, Bulgaria, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Czech Republic, Austria, UAE, Portugal, Spain, Sweden,

Finland, Denmark

Volume of the collected fund: EUR 1 bln

